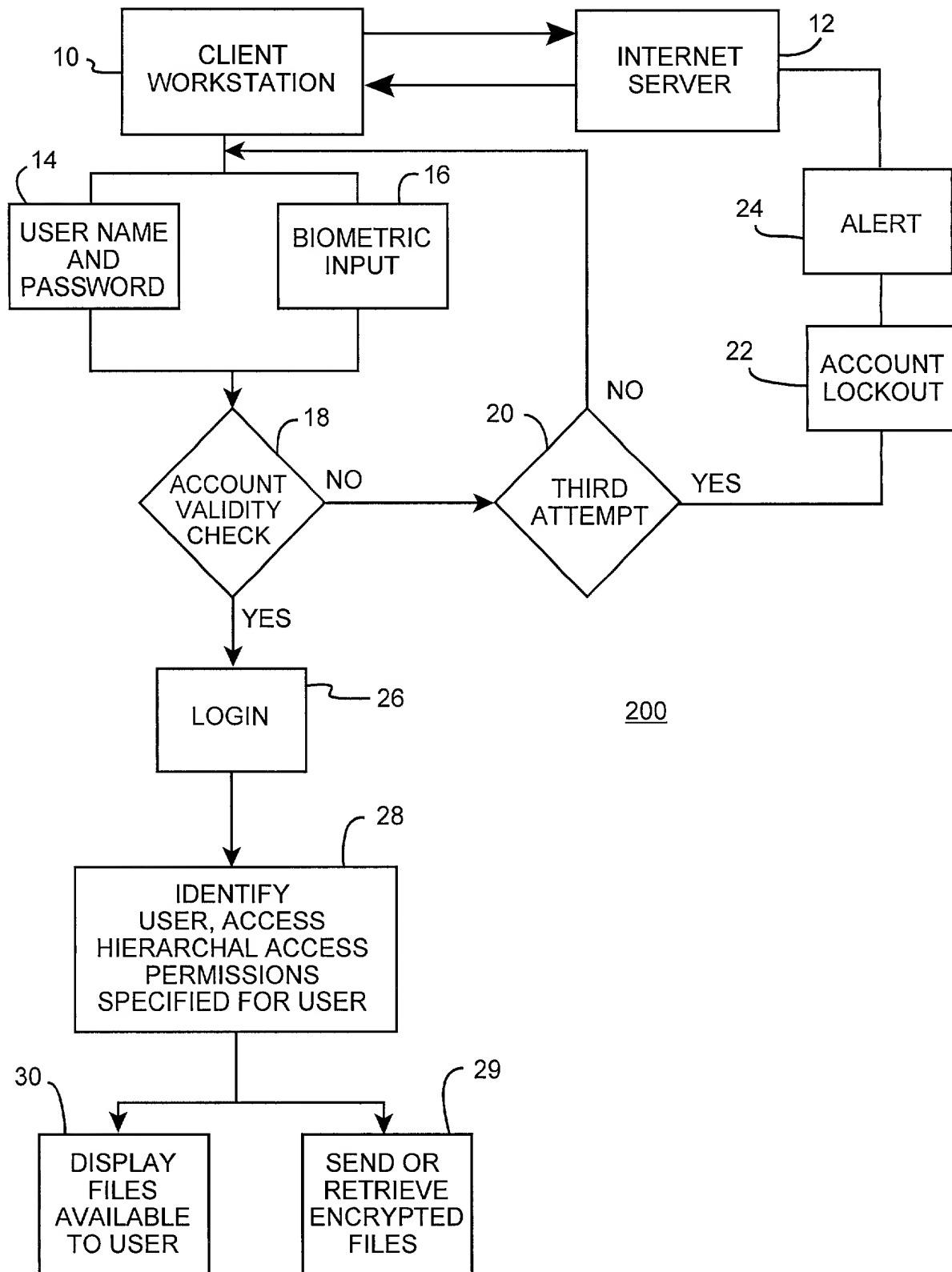
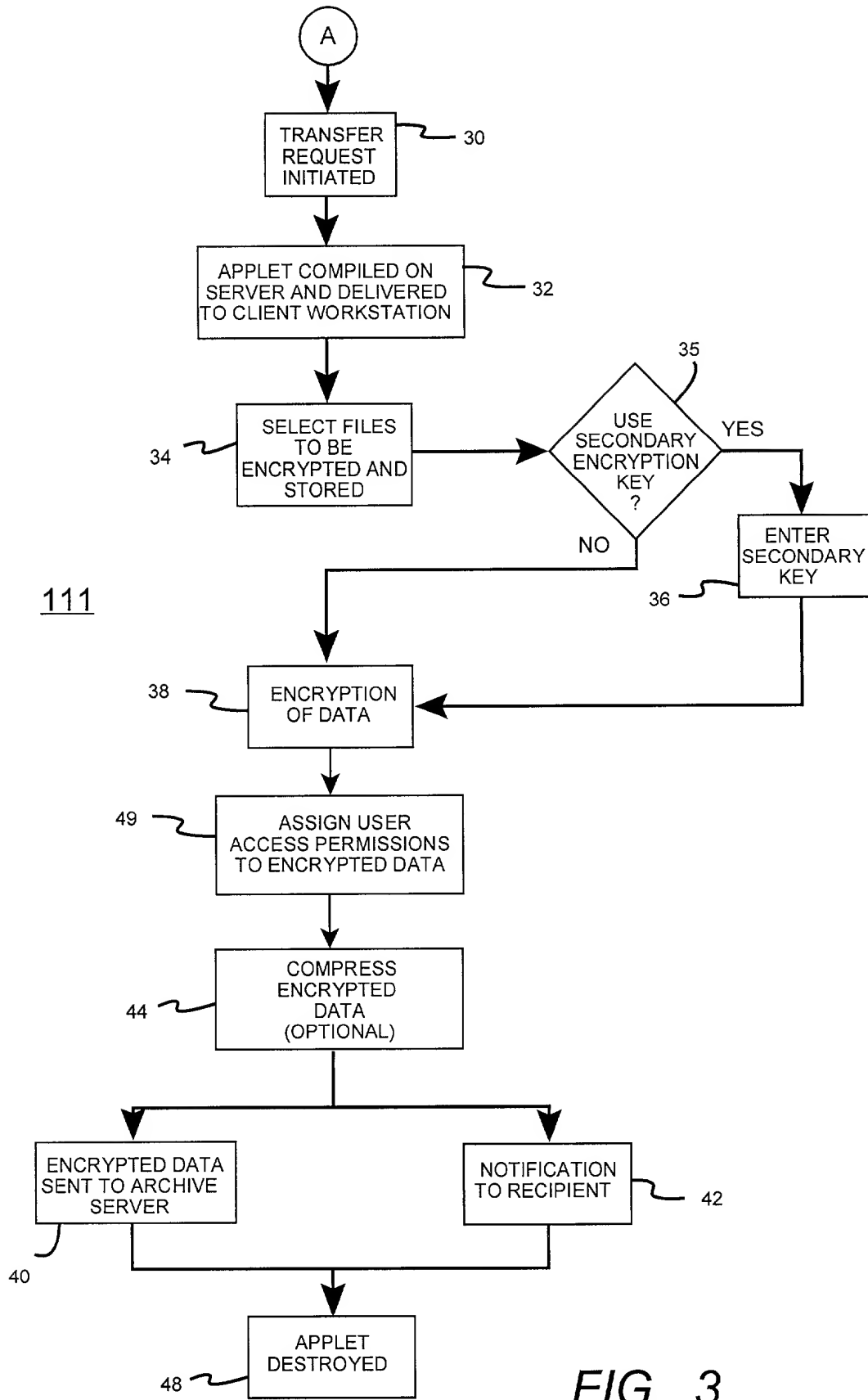


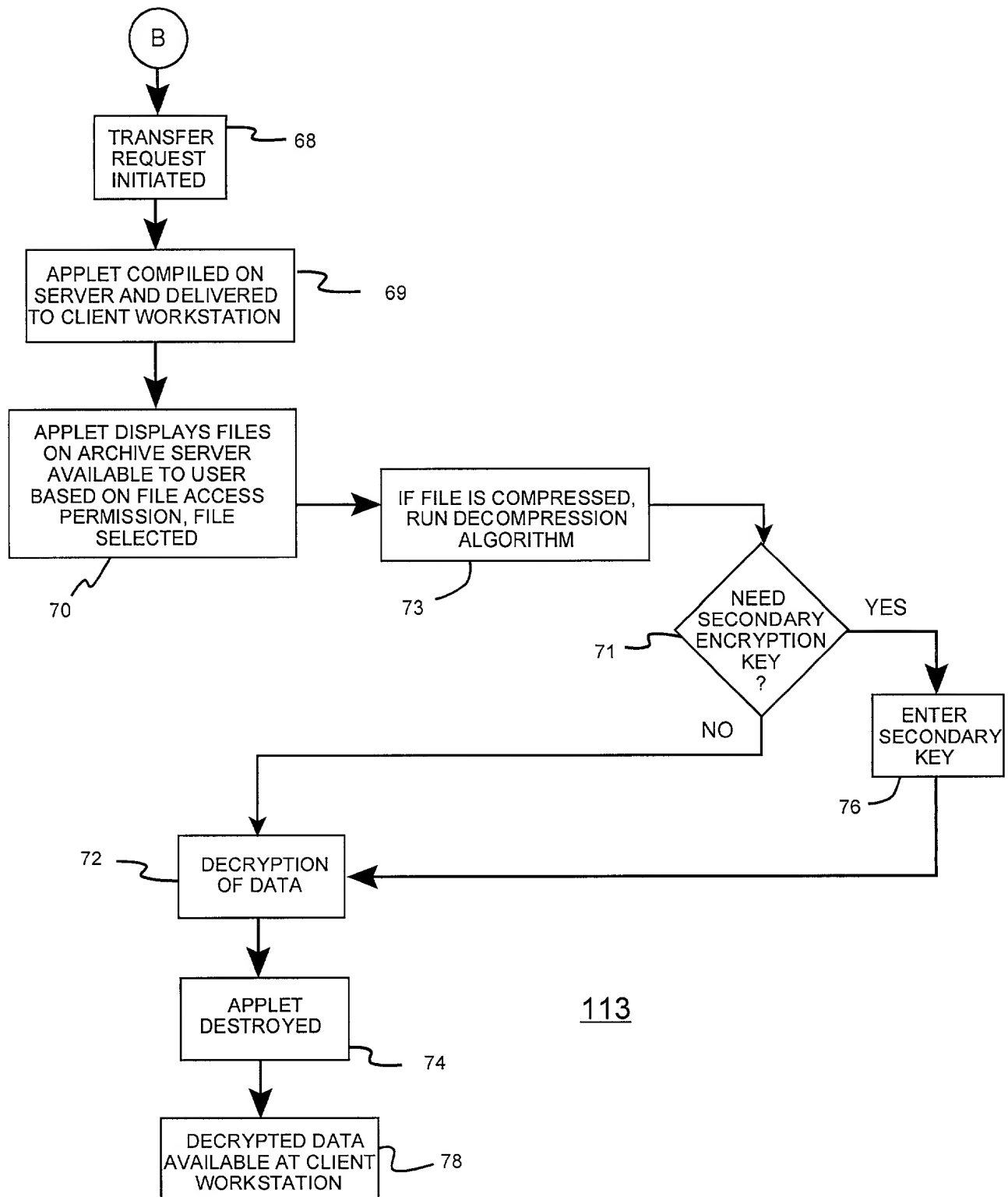
**FIG. 1**



**FIG. 2**



**FIG. 3**



**FIG. 4**

FIG. 5 is a diagram illustrating a hierarchical access control system. The system is divided into four levels of access, labeled ACCESS LEVEL 1 through ACCESS LEVEL 4. Each level contains a set of binary-coded access rights. The system is managed by three user groups: USER GROUP 1, USER GROUP 2, and USER GROUP 3. Arrows indicate the flow of access rights from the user groups to the access levels. A reference numeral 50 points to the top of the access level hierarchy.

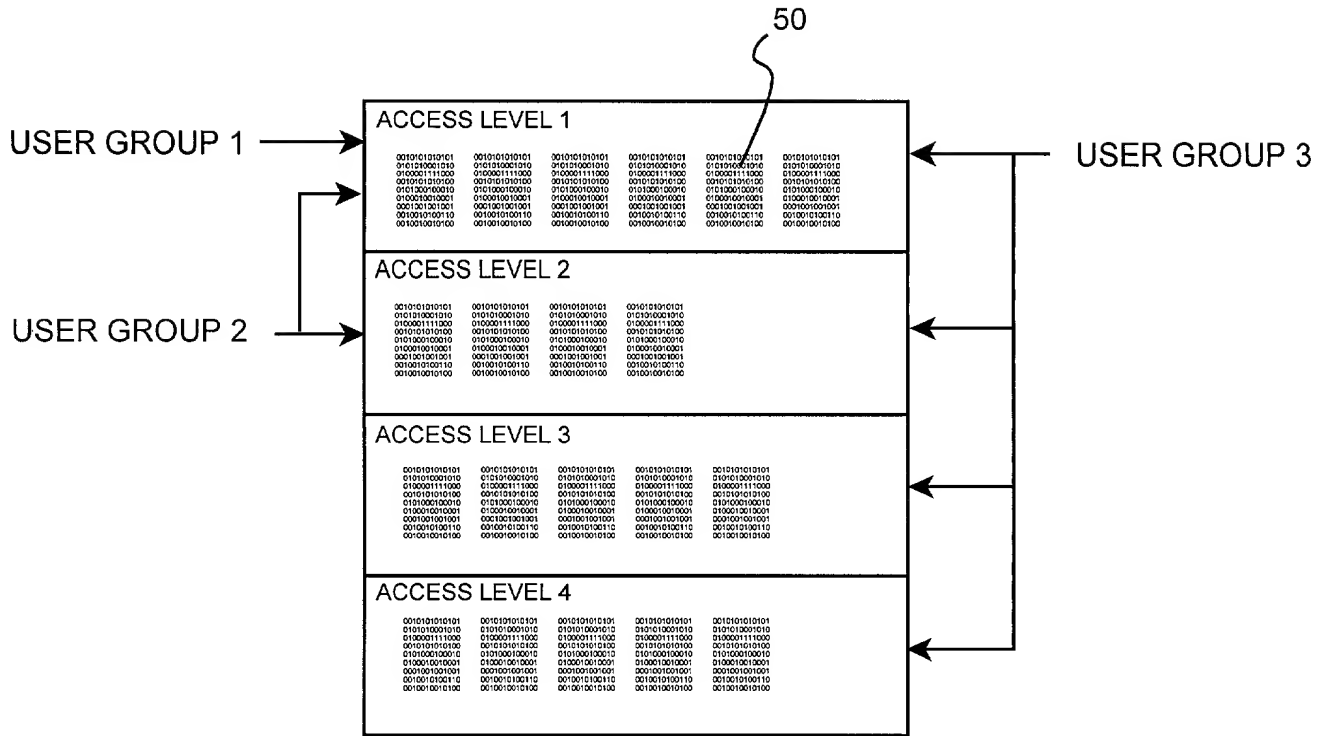


FIG. 5

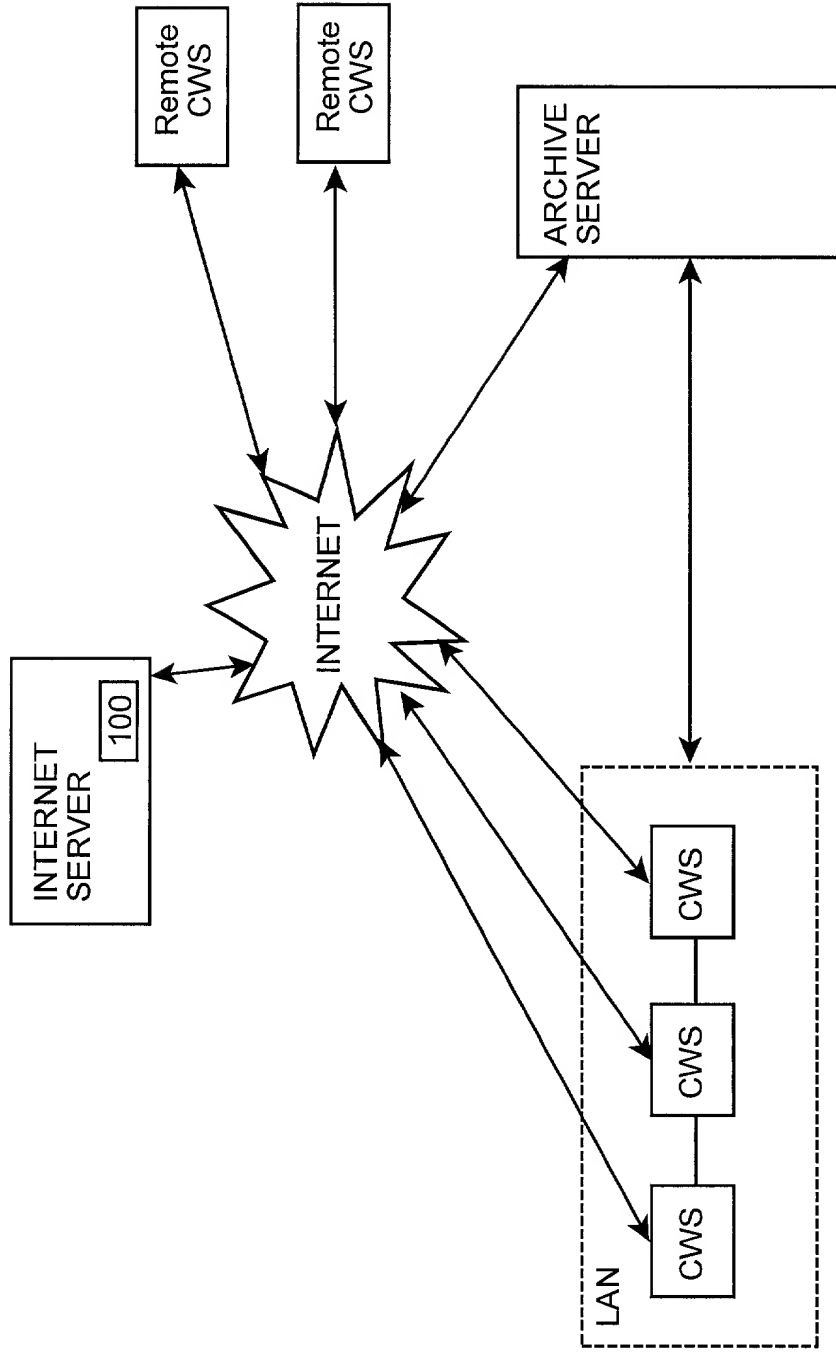


FIG. 6

FIG. 7 is a block diagram of a network architecture. The diagram shows a central "INTERNET" cloud connected to several components: an "INTERNET SERVER 100", two "Remote CWS" (Content Writing Systems) boxes, an "ARCHIVE SERVER" box, and three "CWS" (Content Writing Systems) boxes. Bidirectional arrows indicate communication between the Internet cloud and each of these components.

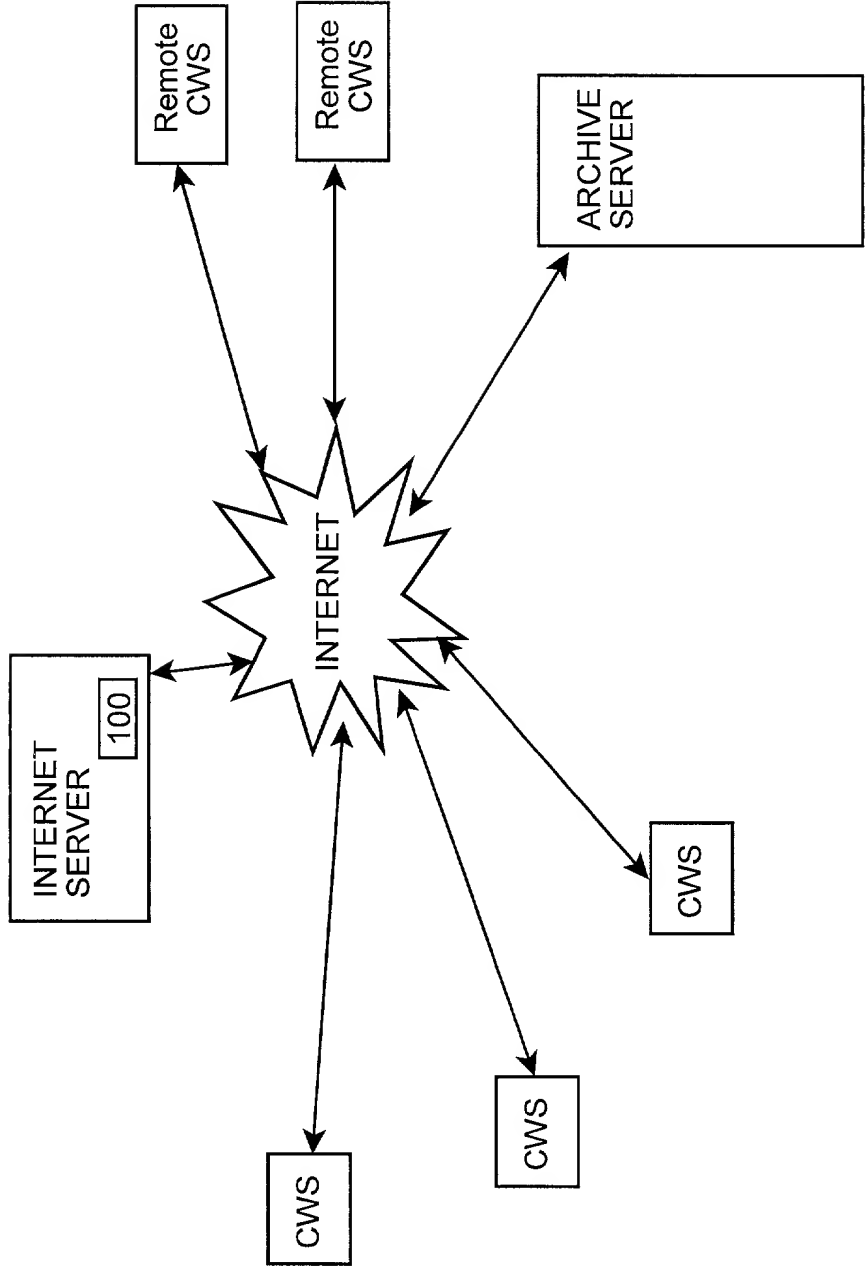


FIG. 7

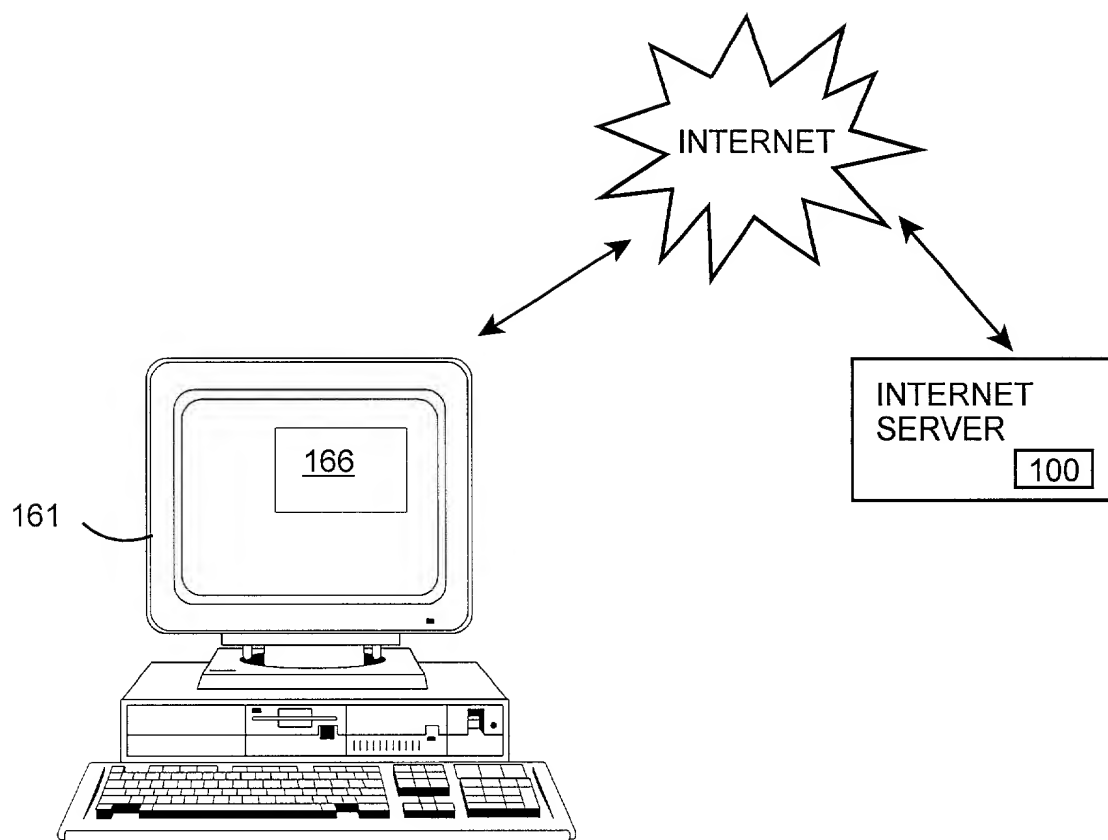


FIG. 8